UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK	ζ

ELECTRONICALLY FILED DOC #:

DATE FILED: 10/2/2020

PASTOR NESTOR VICTOR, INDIVIDUALLY: AND ON BEHALF OF OTHERS SIMILARLY : SITUATED,

19-CV-2965 (VEC)

**USDC SDNY** DOCUMENT

Plaintiff,

ORDER

-against-

SAMS DELI GROCERY CORP. (D/B/A SAM'S: DELI), SAMEER ALI, WALID MOHAMED SEIDI, and LOU DOE,

Defendants.:

VALERIE CAPRONI, United States District Judge:

WHEREAS on September 30, 2020, the Court was notified that through the magistrate, an agreement was reached on all issues; and

WHEREAS this case involves claims brought under the Fair Labor Standards Act ("FLSA");

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT the parties may not dismiss this action with prejudice unless the settlement agreement has been approved by either the Court or the Department of Labor (DOL). See Cheeks v. Freeport Pancake House, Inc., 796 F.3d 199, 206 (2d Cir. 2015). Accordingly, to the extent the parties wish to dismiss this action with prejudice, they must either file a joint letter motion requesting that the Court approve the settlement agreement or, alternatively, provide documentation of the approval by DOL. Any letter motion, along with the settlement agreement, must be filed on the public docket by October 30, 2020. The letter motion must explain why the proposed settlement is fair and reasonable and should discuss, at a minimum, the following factors:

(1) the plaintiff's range of possible recovery; (2) the extent to which "the settlement will enable the parties to avoid anticipated burdens and expenses in establishing their respective claims and defenses"; (3) the seriousness of the litigation risks faced by the parties; (4) whether "the settlement agreement is the product of arm'slength bargaining between experienced counsel"; and (5) the possibility of fraud or collusion.

Wolinsky v. Scholastic Inc., 900 F. Supp. 2d 332, 335 (S.D.N.Y. 2012) (quoting Medley v. Am. Cancer Soc., No. 10-CV-3214(BSJ), 2010 WL 3000028, at \*1 (S.D.N.Y. July 23, 2010)). The letter must also address whether there is a bona fide dispute as to the number of hours worked or the amount of compensation due and how much of the proposed settlement plaintiff's attorney shall be seeking as fees. See Cheeks, 796 F.3d at 206. Absent special circumstances, the Court will not approve any settlement agreement that is filed under seal or in redacted form. See id.

The Second Circuit has left open for future decision whether an FLSA case may be settled without Court or DOL approval and dismissed without prejudice pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 41(a)(1)(A). *See id.* at 201 n.2 ("[W]e leave for another day the question of whether parties may settle [FLSA] cases without court approval . . . by entering into a Rule 41(a)(1)(A) stipulation without prejudice."). If the parties wish to proceed without Court or DOL approval, they must submit a stipulation pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 41(a)(1)(A). Any such stipulation must be filed on the public docket within 30 days and must be accompanied by an affirmation from Plaintiff's counsel (1) stating that the Plaintiff(s) have been clearly advised that the settlement of this case does not preclude them from filing another lawsuit against the same Defendant(s) and (2) affirming that the settlement agreement does not contain a release of the Defendant(s). *See, e.g., Elfenbein v. Gulf & W. Indus., Inc.*, 590 F.2d 445, 449 (2d Cir. 1978) (*per curiam*) ("[A] dismissal without prejudice permits a new action (assuming the statute of limitations has not run) without regard to Res judicata principles."

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(quoting Rinieri v. News Syndicate Co., 395 F.2d 818, 821 (2d Cir. 1967)). The parties are

warned that this option runs the risk that the case may be reopened in the future.

In the alternative, the parties may consent to conducting all further proceedings before

this case's assigned Magistrate Judge by completing the attached consent form by October 15,

**2020**, which permits the Magistrate Judge to enter a final disposition in the case. As the form

indicates, no adverse substantive consequences will arise if the parties choose not to proceed

before the Magistrate Judge.

If no consent form, letter or stipulation is filed by October 30, 2020, a conference shall

be held on November 6, 2020 at 10:00 a.m. in Courtroom 443 of the Thurgood Marshall U.S.

Courthouse, 40 Foley Square, New York, New York 10007.

SO ORDERED.

Date: October 2, 2020

New York, NY

VALERIE CAPRON

**United States District Judge** 

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## UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

CIVILED	for the	
	District of	
Plaintiff V. Defendant	) ) (i) (iii) (iii	
NOTICE, CONSENT, AND REFER	ENCE OF A CIVIL ACTION TO A MAGIST	TRATE JUDGE
proceedings in this civil action (including a jury o	ty. A United States magistrate judge of this court r nonjury trial) and to order the entry of a final judget of appeals like any other judgment of this court. rily consent.	gment. The judgment may
	red to a magistrate judge, or you may withhold you y withholding consent will not be revealed to any	
	ty. The following parties consent to have a Uniterial, the entry of final judgment, and all post-trial	
Parties' printed names	Signatures of parties or attorneys	Dates
	Reference Order	
	d to a United States magistrate judge to conduct e with 28 U.S.C. § 636(c) and Fed. R. Civ. P. 73	
Date:		
	District Judge's sign	ature
	Printed name and t	itle

Note: Return this form to the clerk of court only if you are consenting to the exercise of jurisdiction by a United States magistrate judge. Do not return this form to a judge.